

BI-1G-1415(1514)-80K-D

SFP BIDI 1.25G 1490/1550nm(1550/1490nm) DDM 80KM Transceiver

PRODUCT FEATURES



DFB laser transmitter

PIN photo-detector

Up to 80KM on 9/125μm SMF

Hot-pluggable SFP footprint

BIDI LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface

Low power dissipation

Metal enclosure, for lower EMI

RoHS compliant and lead-free

Single +3.3V power supply

Support Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface

Compliant with SFF-8472

Case operating temperature: Commercial: 0°C to +70°C

Industrial: -40°C to +85°C

APPLICATIONS

Switch to Switch Interface

Gigabit Ethernet

Switched Backplane Applications

Router/Server Interface

Other Optical Links







PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Cloudtron BI-1G-1415(1514)-80K-D Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). The transceiver consists of five sections: the LD driver, the limiting amplifier, the digital diagnostic monitor, the DFB laser and the PIN photo-detector. The module data link up to 80KM in 9/125um single mode fibre.

The optical output can be disabled by a TTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I2C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I2C register access.

Ordering Information

Product Part Number	Data Rate (Gbps)	Media	Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Distance (km)	Temper (Tcas	rature Range se)(°C)
BI-1G-1415-80K-D	1.25	Single mode fibre	1490/1550 (1550/1490)	80	0~70	Commercial
BI-1G-1415-80K-DI	1.25	Single mode fibre	1490/1550 (1550/1490)	80	-40~85	Industrial







Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	TFAULT	Transmitter Fault.	
3	TDIS	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3
7	Rate Select	No connection required	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Note:

- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2. Laser output disabled on T_{DIS} >2.0V or open, enabled on T_{DIS} <0.8V.
- Should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 4. This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with > 30k Ω resistor. The input states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Reduced Bandwidth

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined High (2.0 - 3.465V): Full Bandwidth Open: Reduced Bandwidth

- 5. LOS is open collector output should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between
- 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

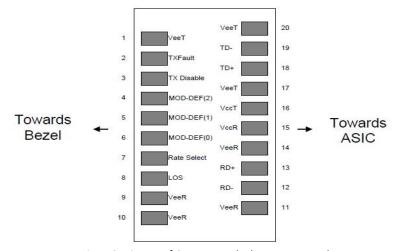


Figure 2. Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board



Absolute Maximum Ratings II.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	ōС
Storage Ambient Humidity	HA	5		95	%
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5		4	V
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V
Receiver Damage Threshold		5			dBm

Recommended Operating Conditions III.

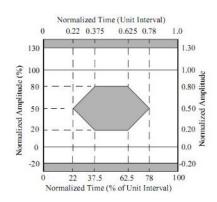
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
6 O	Tanan	0		70	ºC	BI-1G-1415-80K-D
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	-40		85	≚C	BI-1G-1415-80K-DI
Ambient Humidity	НА	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC			280	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			1.25/1.25		Gbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				80	KM	
Coupled Fibre	Single mode fibre					9/125um SMF

Specification of Transmitter IV.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Average Output Power	POUT	0		5	dBm		
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Contro Movelongth	λC	1270	1360	1490	nm	BI-1G-1415-80K-D	
Centre Wavelength	Λ	1530	1550	1570	nm	BI-1G-1514-80K-D	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	DFB Laser	
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	DLD rasei	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	POff			-45	dBm		
Differential Line Input Impedance	RIN	90	100	110	Ohm		
Jitter P-P	tJ			0.1	UI	Note (1)	
Output Eye Mask		ant with ass 1 lase			Note (2)		

Note (1): Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern.

Note (2): Transmitter eye mask definition.



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Specification of Receiver

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Ontical Wavelength	λIN	1530	1550	1570	nm	BI-1G-1415-80K-D
Input Optical Wavelength	AIIN	1270	1360	1490	nm	BI-1G-1514-80K-D
Receiver Sensitivity	PIN			-26	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	PSAT	-3			dBm	
Los Of Signal Assert	PA	-40			dBm	
Los Of Signal De-assert	PD			-27	dBm	Note (2)
LOS Hysteresis	PA-PD	0.5	2	6	dB	

Note (1): Measured with Light source 1550nm(1490nm), ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ.

Electrical Interface Characteristics VI.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Transmitter							
Total Supply Current	ICC			Α	mA	Note (1)	
Transmitter Disable Input-High	VDISH	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	VDISL	0		0.8	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-High	VDISL	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	VTxFH	0		0.8	V		
	Receiver						
Total Supply Current	ICC			В	mA	Note (1)	
LOSS Output Voltage-High	VLOSH	2		Vcc+0.3	V	LVTTI	
LOSS Output Voltage-Low	VLOSL	0		0.8	V	LVTTL	

Note (1): A (TX) + B (RX) = 280mA (Not include termination circuit)

Digital Diagnostic Functions VII.

Cloudtron BI-1G-1415(1514)-80K-D transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Cloudtron SFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

Digital diagnostics for the BI-1G-1415(1514)-80K-D are internally calibrated by default.

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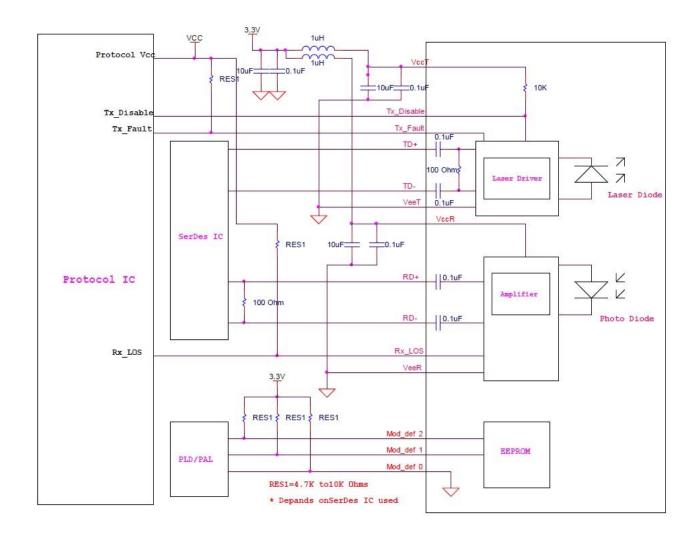




Note (2): When LOS de-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.



VIII. Recommend Circuit Schematic

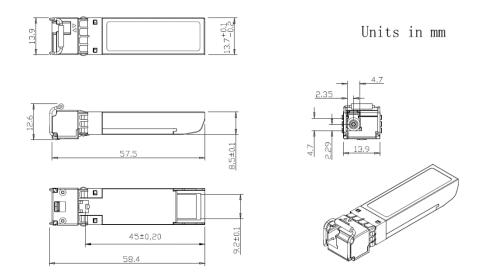








Mechanical Specifications (Unit: mm) IX.



BI-1G-1415(1514)-80K-D

X. **Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference(EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards